

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Identification

GHS product Identifier : Airlok Flex® WG LT
Product code : Not available
Other means of identification : Not available
Product code : Notavailable.
Product type : Liquid.

Identified uses

Airlok Flex® WG LT is a low temperature, water-based, permeable, above-grade air, weather and vapor permeable coating for application over poured concrete, precast concrete masonry (CMU) and the following types of sheathing: paper-face, glass-face, foil-face, rigid insulation, plywood and oriented strand board (OSB).

Supplier's details : Polyguard Products, Inc.
 4101 S I 45
 Ennis, TX 75119
 Tel: (214) 515-5000

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-42-9300, International :+1-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazards Identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazardous Communications Standard (49CFR1910.1200) .

Classification of the substance or mixture : Carcinogenicity - Category 1 A
 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 2
 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2
 Aquatic hazard (acute) – Category 3
 Aquatic hazard (long-term) – Category 3

OSHA defined hazards

GHS label elements

Hazard pictogram



Signal word

Hazard statement

: Danger
 : H350-May cause cancer.
 H371- May cause damage to organs.
 H372- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (kidneys, respiratory tract, testes)
 H412- Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: P201- Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P280- Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
 P233- Keep container tightly closed.
 P273- Avoid release to the environment.
 P260- Do not breathe vapor.
 P270- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P264- Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Response	: P314 – Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P308 + P311- If exposed or concerned : Call a poison center or Physician. P303 + P361 + P353- If on skin (or Hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: P405- Stored locked up P403- Store in a well-ventilated place P235- Keep cool
Disposal	P501-Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available
<u>CAS number/other identifiers</u>	
CAS number	: Not applicable
Product code	: Not available

Ingredient name	%	CAS Number
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	1-5	63449-39-8
Methanol	1-5	67-56-1
Crystalline silica, quartz	1-5	14808-60-7
Diuron	0.025-0.1	330-54-1
Carbendazim	0.025-0.1	10606-21-7
3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	0.025-0.1	55406-53-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentration applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Description of necessary first aid measures.

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respirations or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at a rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that the vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary.

Notes to physician: : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment

Protection of first-aiders: : If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it or wearing gloves.

Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, carbonyl halides, metal oxide/oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : No special measures are required.

Special protective actions for fire fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

- For non emergency personal** : Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and run off and contact with the soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if releases in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Avoid exposure-obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breath vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty container retain product residue can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready to use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

[Control parameters](#) [Occupational exposure limits](#)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Methanol	ACGIH TLV (United states, 4/2014) Absorbed through skin STEL:328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through the skin STEL:325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 20 mg/m ³ 8 hours
Crystalline silica, quartz	ACGIH TLV (United states, 4/2014) TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 10 hours Form: respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours Form: respirable dust OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
Diuron	ACGIH TLV (United states, 3/2015) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours

[Appropriate engineering controls](#)

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

[Environmental exposure controls](#)

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

[Hygiene measure:](#)

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the work station location.

[Eye/face protection](#)

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or chemical splash goggles.

[Skin Protection](#) [Hand protection](#)

: Chemical- resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

[Body protection](#)

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

[Other skin protection](#)

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

[Respiratory protection](#)

: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid (Viscous)
Color	: Gray
Odor	: Latex paint like
Odor threshold	: Not available
pH	: 8.9 - 9.3
Melting point	: Not available
Boiling point	: Not available
Flash Point	: >200 °F (93.3 ° C) Cleveland Open Cup
Evaporation rate:	: Not available
Flammability(solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower & upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower : Not available Upper : Not available
Vapor density	: Not available
Vapor pressure	: Not available
Relative density	: 10.7 lbs/gal
Specific Gravity	: 1.28 estimated
Solubility	: Soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available
Auto- ignition temperature	: Not available
Decomposition temperature	: Not available
Viscosity	: 97- 110 KU
Volatility	: Not available
VOC	: < 115 g/l Mixed components

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	: This product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	: No specific date.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chloro Methanol	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	26100 mg/kg	-
	LC ₅₀ Inhalation Gas	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hour
	LC ₅₀ Inhalation Gas	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD ₅₀ Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
Diuron	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
	LD ₅₀ Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	1 g/kg	-
Carbendazim	LD ₅₀ Dermal	Rabbit	8500 mg/kg	-
	LD ₅₀ Dermal	Rat	2 g/kg	-
	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	>5050 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	LD ₅₀ Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-

Irritation/corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chloro Methanol	Eyes- Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin- Mild irritant	Rat	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes- Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin- Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes- Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-

Sensitization

: There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Methanol	-	-	-	-	-	none
Crystalline silica, quartz	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen	A2	-	+

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Crystalline silica, quartz	Category 1	Inhalation	Kidneys, respiratory tract and testes
Diuron	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1	Not determined	Larynx

Aspiration hazard : There is not data available

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Dermal contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
 Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards
 Skin Contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
 Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards
 Skin Contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2576.6 mg/kg
Dermal	7729.9 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	77.3 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chloro Methanol	Acute LC ₅₀ >5000000 µg/L Marine water	Fish – Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
Diuron	Acute EC ₅₀ 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae- Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ 22200 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia- Dalphnia obtuse- Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC ₅₀ 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans- Crangon crangon- Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC ₅₀ 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish-Danio rerio-egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae- Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	EC ₅₀ 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ 2.26 µg/l Marine water	Algae- Coccolithus huxleyi- Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ 0.0007 mg/l Fresh water	Algae-Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ 0.005 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants-Lemna sp.	96 hours
	Acute IC ₅₀ 2.41 µg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants-Halodule uninervis	72 hours
Carbendazim	Acute LC ₅₀ 380 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans- Gammarus lacustris	48 hours
	Acute LC ₅₀ 500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish-Morone saxatilis- Larve	96 hours
	Chronic EC 0.11 µg/l Marine water	Algae-Fragilaria capucina- Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.34 µg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants-Zostera muelleri	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 26.4 ppb	Fish-Pimephales promelas	60 days
	Acute EC ₅₀ 19.0562 mg/l Fresh water	Algae-Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus	96 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ >100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans- Cancer magister- Zoea	48 hours
	Acute EC ₅₀ 20 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia- Dalphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC ₅₀ 7 µg/l Fresh water	Fish-Ictalurus punctatus-yolk-sac fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 33.5 to 36 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans- Crustacea	21 days
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Chronic NOEC 3.1 ppb- Marine water	Daphnia- Dalphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC ₅₀ 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia- Dalphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC ₅₀ 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans-Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC ₅₀ 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish- Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish-Pimephales promelas	35 days

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chloro Methanol	7.46 to 11.48	-	high
Diuron	-0.77	<10	low
Carbendazim	2.84	5.2	low
	1.52	2.51	low

Mobility in soil

: No data is available on this product.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recycled products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of to a sewer. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, water ways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transportation Information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name			
Transportation hazard class(es)			
Packing Group			
Environmental Hazard			
Additional Information	<p>This material Is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes provided the packaging meet the general provisions of SS 173.24 and 173.24 a.</p> <p>Reportable Quantity 28571.4 lbs/12971.4 kgs (2596 gal/9826.8L)</p> <p>Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.</p>		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

DOT-RQ details : Carbendazim 10 lbs/ 4.54 kg
Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premise: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the vent of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal regulations: :TSCA section 8 (a) PAIR: Diuron
 TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
 United States Inventory (TSCA 8b): at least one component is not listed.
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Formaldehyde: Diuron

15. Regulatory Information

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) list : Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substance : Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substance : Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance : Formaldehyde- EHS- 0.01 %
SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable
SARA 311/312 : Fire hazard
 Immediate (acute) Health hazard
 Delayed (chronic) Health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	1-5	No	No	No	Yes	No
Crystalline silica, quartz	1-5	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Methanol	1-5	No	No	No	No	Yes
Diuron	0.025-0.1	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Carbendazim	0.025-0.1	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	0.025-0.1	No	No	No	Yes	Yes

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS Number	%
Form R-Reporting requirements	Methanol	67-56-1	1-5
Supplier notification	Methanol	67-56-1	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, quartz; Methanol

New York

: The following components are listed: Methanol

New Jersey


: The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, quartz; Methanol

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: Limestone; Crystalline silica, quartz; Methanol; Oxydipropanol: Rutile:

15. Regulatory Information

California Prop 65

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including (*Diuron*), which is(are) known to the State of California to cause cancer, and (*Methanol*), which is(are) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, visit www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Methanol	No	Yes	No	23000 µg/day (ingestion)
Rutile	Yes	No	No	47000 µg/day (inhalation)
Cyrstalline silica, quartz	Yes	No	No	No
Diuron	Yes	No	No	No
Carbon Black	Yes	No	No	No
Formaldehyde	Yes	No	Yes	No

16. Other Information

Date of revision: 5/24/19

Date of previous issue 9/17/18

Revisions:

Section 1:

Change Company contact phone number.

Section 2:

Updated classification of substances removed Flammable liquid

Removed GHS flammable symbol

Removed hazard statement- H225

Section 5

Updated information under extinguishing media.

Updated information under special protective actions for Fire-fighters.

Section 9

Add value for Flash point, Viscosity and correct relative density value.

Section 14

Update shipping information- product is no longer considered hazardous.

Section 16.

Remove reference to HMIS system and NFPA704.

Version

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Prepared by

C. Rogalski

Notice to reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.